

### **DESCRIPTION**

The P3OPC is a photodetector module configured for photon counting. It comprises a selected 30 mm diameter end window photomultiplier tube with a blue-green sensitive bialkali photocathode with low dark counts, a positive high voltage power supply, and a high speed amplifier discriminator. All are encapsulated within a cylindrical mumetal\* case, providing a high level of immunity from the effects of external magnetic fields. Low voltage and signal output connections to the package are by axial flying leads. The photomultiplier operating voltage is factory set.



### **APPLICATIONS**

These modules are intended for low light measurement applications requiring single photon detection. Their low power consumption makes them ideal for use in battery powered portable instruments.

Applications include:

- Lidar
- Luminometers
- Spectrometry

#### **FEATURES**

- · Easy to operate
- Compact cylindrical assembly
- · Electrostatic and magnetic shielding
- UV window option
- 100 MHz count rate capability
- Operates from low voltage supply
- Preset discriminator level
- Fully enclosed high voltages
- Only 550 mW total power dissipation (typical)
- Optional divide by two prescaler (factory set).

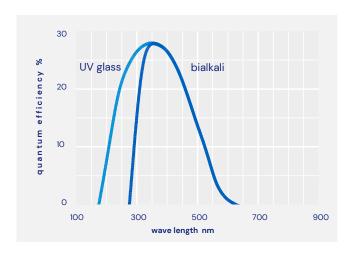


### **CHARACTERISTICS**

PHOTOCATHODE TYPE Bialkali	OUTPUT PULSE TTL high level
PHOTOCATHODE ACTIVE DIAMETER 25 mm	OUTPUT PULSE RISE/FULL TIME 2 ns
SPECTRAL RESPONSE RANGE See curves	<b>OUTPUT PULSE AMPLITUDE (UNTERMINATED)</b> 5 V
PEAK QE (TYP) See curves	OUTPUT IMPEDANCE 50 $\Omega$
<b>DISCRIMINATOR LEVEL</b> -2 mV	DARK COUNTS AT 20 °C (TYP.) 100 s <sup>-1</sup>
<b>POWER INPUT AT 10<sup>6</sup> S<sup>-1</sup></b> +5 V, 110 mA	DARK COUNTS AT 20 °C (MAX.) 200 s <sup>-1</sup>
INPUT VOLTAGE +4.75 V to +5.25 V	WARM UP TIME < 2s
HUMIDITY (NON-CONDENSING) 93 % RH maximum at 30 °C	OPERATING POSITION Any
WEIGHT 285g	TEMPERATURE  Operating +5 °C to +55 °C
FINISH Matt black	Storage -40 °C to +55 °C

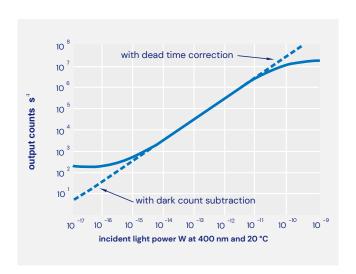


## PHOTOCATHODE SPECTRAL RESPONSE



### **DYNAMIC RANGE**

Extended dynamic range can be obtained by dark count subtraction and by dead time correction to compensate for departure from linearity at high count rates due to pulse pile-up.



### INSTALLATION AND OPERATION

Each module is supplied with test data. Wherever possible installation should be carried out in subdued light. Exposure to strong lights, particularly those containing a high UV content, can result in a temporary increase in dark counts during subsequent operation.

Remove the protective cap from the module. If necessary, the photomultiplier window can be cleaned using a lens tissue moistened with alcohol. Do not use any other solvent.

Mount the module and make power input and signal connections. Do not expose the photomultiplier tube photocathode to strong lights while the package is energised.



### INSTALLATION AND OPERATION CONTINUED...

Dead time may be corrected for, as follows:

N = pn / (1-nTp)

where:

N is the true count rate (s<sup>-1</sup>),

n is the measured count rate (s<sup>-1</sup>),

T is the count rate correction factor (typically  $2.0 \times 10^{-8}$ s),

p is the prescaler factor if this option is included.

The prescaler factor p is factory set as 1 or 2 as agreed.

#### **WARNING**

No attempt must be made to repair or dismantle this product. High voltage used within the module may present an electric shock hazard.

Operation beyond the maximum ratings, or reversal of the input voltage may result in loss of performance or permanent damage to the product.

\*mumetal is a registered trademark of Magnetic Shield Corporation

### OUTLINE DRAWING MM

